

PCT/US03/00014 03059723 (Note: This is a Patent Application only.)

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY APPLICATION

03059723

July 24, 2003, Issue No.: 200330

CONVERTIBLE BICYCLE

FRENCH-TITLE: BICYCLETTE CONVERTIBLE

INVENTOR: MCCANDLESS, William, R. - 925 W. Crawford Avenue, Connellsville, PA 15425, United States (US)

APPL-NO: PCT/US03/00014

DESIGNATED STATES: United Arab Emirates (AE), Antigua and Barbuda (AG), Albania (AL), Armenia (AM), Austria (AT), Australia (AU), Azerbaidjan (AZ), Bosnia-Herzegovina (BA), Barbados (BB), Bulgaria (BG), Brazil (BR), Belarus (BY), Belize (BZ), Canada (CA), Switzerland (CH), China (CN), Colombia (CO), Costa Rica (CR), Cuba (CU), Czech Republic (CZ), Germany (DE), Denmark (DK), Dominica (DM), Algeria (DZ), Ecuador (EC), Estonia (EE), Spain (ES), Finland (FI), Great Britain (GB), Grenada (GD), Georgia (GE), Ghana (GH), Gambia (GM), Croatia (HR), Hungary (HU), Indonesia (ID), Israel (IL), India (IN), Iceland (IS), Japan (JP), Kenya (KE), Kyrgyz Republic (Kyrgyzstan) (KG), North Korea (KP), South Korea (KR), Kazakhstan (KZ), Saint Lucia (LC), Sri Lanka (LK), Liberia (LR), Lesotho (LS), Lithuania (LT), Luxembourg (LU), Latvia (LV), Morocco (MA), Moldavia (MD), Madagascar (MG), Macedonia (MK), Mongolia (MN), Malawi (MW), Mexico (MX), Mozambique (MZ), Norway (NO), New Zealand (NZ), Oman (OM), Philippines (PH), Poland (PL), Portugal (PT), Romania (RO), Russian Federation (RU), Sudan (SD), Sweden (SE), Singapore (SG), Slovak Republic (SK), Sierra Leone (SL), Tadjikistan (TJ), Turkmenistan (TM), Tunisia (TN), Turkey (TR), Trinidad and Tobago (TT), Tanzania (TZ), Ukraine (UA), Uganda (UG), Uzbekistan (UZ), Vietnam (VN), Yugoslavia (YU), South Africa (ZA), Zambia (ZM), Zimbabwe (ZW)

ARIPO Patent, Ghana (GH), Gambia (GM), Kenya (KE), Lesotho (LS), Malawi (MW), Mozambique (MZ), Sudan (SD), Sierra Leone (SL), Swaziland (SZ), Tanzania (TZ), Uganda (UG), Zambia (ZM), Zimbabwe (ZW)

Eurasian Patent, Armenia (AM), Azerbaidjan (AZ), Belarus (BY), Kyrgyz Republic (Kyrgyzstan) (KG), Kazakhstan (KZ), Moldavia (MD), Russian Federation (RU), Tadjikistan (TJ), Turkmenistan (TM)

European Patent, Austria (AT), Belgium (BE), Bulgaria (BG), Switzerland (CH), Cyprus (CY), Czech Republic (CZ), Germany (DE), Denmark (DK), Estonia (EE), Spain (ES), Finland (FI), France (FR), Great Britain (GB), Greece (GR), Hungary (HU), Ireland (IE), Italy (IT), Luxembourg (LU), Monaco (MC), Netherlands (NL), Portugal (PT), Sweden (SE), Slovenia (SI), Slovak Republic (SK), Turkey (TR)

OAPI Patent, Burkina Faso (BF), Benin (BJ), Central African Republic (CF), Congo (CG), Ivory Coast (Cote D'Ivoire) (CI), Cameroon (CM), Gabon (GA), Guinea (GN), Equatorial Guinea (GQ), Guinea Bissau (GW), Mali (ML), Mauritania (MR), Niger (NE), Senegal (SN), Chad (TD), Togo (TG)

FILED-DATE: January 9, 2003

PRIORITY: January 10, 2002 - 10041452, United States (US)

ASSIGNEE-AT-ISSUE: MCCANDLESS, William, R., 925 W. Crawford Avenue, Connellsville, PA 15425, United States (US)

LEGAL-REP: MCDONALD, Christopher, J. - Hoffman, Wasson Gitler, P.C., 2361 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 522, Arlington, VA 22202

PUB-TYPE: July 24, 2003 - Application published with search report (A1)

PUB-COUNTRY: World Intellectual Property Organization (WO)

FILING-LANG: English (EN) (ENG)

PUB-LANG: English (EN) (ENG)

IPC-MAIN-CL: B 62K013#6

IPC ADDL CL: B62K

ENGLISH-ABST:

A device for connecting two bicycles (100, 200) to one another in a side-by-side relationship allows two riders to simultaneously use the bicycle and not have the view blocked by a rider directly in front of them. A steering bar (300) insures that the front wheels of both bicycles are always pointed in the same direction so that, when connected, the joined bicycles both head in the same direction.

FRENCH-ABST:

Un dispositif offrant la possibilite de reunir deux bicyclettes (100, 200) en une autre, en configuration cote-a-cote, permet a deux cyclistes d'utiliser simultanement la bicyclette sans avoir la vue obstruee par un cycliste place directement devant eux. Une barre de guidage (300) garantit que les roues avant des deux bicyclettes sont toujours orientees dans la meme direction, de telle sorte que lorsqu'elles sont reunies, les bicyclettes reliees entre elles sont toutes deux orientees dans la meme direction.

DETDISC:

CONVERTIBLE BICYCLE

Field of the Invention:

The invention relates to a device for coupling two separate bicycles to one another in a side-by-side relationship.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The ability to couple two bicycles in a side-by-side relationship allows two people to enjoy bicycle riding together.

In the side-by-side relationship, each occupant has a clear view of the terrain ahead and therefore has the advantage over a single bicycle provided with two seats where one occupant is behind the other. In this instance, the second occupant has the majority of the scenery ahead of the bicycle blocked by the occupant in front.

Once the two bicycles are connected in the side-by-side relationship, the joined bicycles enjoy great stability based on the four tires spaced at the corners of the joined bicycle.

Several prior art devices disclose ways of connecting

two bicycles to one another in a side-by-side relationship. One such device is disclosed in U.S. Patent 3,865,401 (Kingsly).

Kingsly discloses bicycles joined by several connectors, each connector having end portions threadably engaging a threaded shaft. The connection of each end of the connectors to the bicycle needs to be removed in order to disengage the two bikes from one another.

U.S. Patent 5,511,809 (Sagi) discloses two bicycles connected by horizontal bars having opposite clamp members to attach the bars to the bicycles. The two-rider, four-wheel vehicle has a differential axle, an intermediate driving shaft and a unified brake system.

There is a need in the prior art for a system for connecting two separate bicycles to one another in a side-by-side relationship and being possible to quickly disengage the bicycles from one another.

-2- It is an object of the invention to provide a system for quickly and easily connecting and coupling and decoupling two bicycles to one another.

It is another object of the invention to provide a system for rigidly connecting two bicycles to one another in a side-by-side relationship.

It is yet another object of the invention to provide a system for connecting two bicycles in a side-by-side relationship utilizing a minimum number of parts that quickly and easily assemble and disassemble.

These and other objects of the invention will become apparent after reading the disclosure of the invention.

-3- SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION A device for connecting two bicycles to one another in a side-by-side relationship allows two riders to simultaneously use the bicycle and not have the view blocked by a rider directly in front of them. A steering bar insures that the front wheels of both bicycles are always pointed in the same direction so that, when connected, the joined bicycles both head in the same direction. Additional bars are connected between the two bicycles to provide a rigid connection between the bicycles. The rigid connection insures that both bicycles travel at the same speed. If one rider causes one of the bicycles to move faster, the acceleration and speed of the first bicycle will be transferred to the second bicycle due to the rigid connection.

For all intents and purposes, when joined, the two bicycles act as a single vehicle. The connection between the bicycles can be easily disassembled so that each bicycle can be used separately.

The flexibility of using both bicycles separately or together is advantageous in such situations as bicycle rentals.

Bicycles can be joined or separated as the demand dictates.

-4- BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIGURE 1 is a perspective view of two bicycles joined in a side-by-side relationship) FIGURE 2 is an exploded view of the steering bar assembly; FIGURE 2a is a side view of the steering bar assembly; FIGURE 3 is a cross-sectional view of the front bar assembly; FIGURE 4 is a rear view of the middle bar assembly; and FIGURE 5 is a cross-sectional view of the rear bar assembly.

- 5 DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The device of the invention can be seen in Figure 1 where a first bicycle 100 has been joined to a second bicycle 200 by connecting a steering bar assembly 300, a front bar assembly 400, a middle bar assembly 500 and a rear bar assembly 600 between the two bicycles. Once joined, the two bicycles will travel as a single unit in both speed and direction.

The steering bar assembly can be seen in Figure 2.

Each bicycle has a goose neck 120, 220 for connecting the handle bars 102, 202 to the front fork 105, 205. Each fork is connected to a front wheel 112, 212. The goose neck 120, 220 passes through the frame 108, 208 of each bicycle and, by connecting the handle bars to the goose necks which then attach to the forks, allow the rider to steer the bicycle.

The L-shaped steering rods 320 pass through an aperture 325 in the goose neck 120, 220. The steering bar 310 is connected to the steering rods 320 by having the steering rods 320 pass through a pair of apertures 312, 314 in the steering bar 310. The steering rods keep the steering bar 310 spaced forwardly from the forks 105, 205 of the bicycle to allow for the arcuate path of motion that the steering bar will have as the riders steer the bicycle. This arcuate path of motion also changes the angle between the steering bar and steering rods.

For that reason, the connection must allow for a pivoting motion between the steering rod and steering bar.

The section of the steering rods on both sides of the goose necks are threaded. A lock nut 305 is threaded onto the steering rod before the steering rod is inserted through the aperture 325 in the lower end of the goose necks 120, 220. In this way, the lock nut acts as a stop. After the steering rod is inserted through the aperture, wing nuts 340 are threaded onto the steering rod to retain the steering in a fixed position relative to the goose neck. Rear apertures 325 are provided on the steering rods and push pin 335 is inserted through the rear aperture 325 and held in place by the resilience to secure the steering rod firmly and prevent disengagement during use.

-6- A cross-sectional view of the front bar assembly 400 is shown in Figure 3. A hub 420 is secured to each bicycle frame 108, 208 by a bolt 422. One end of the hub 420 is open, allowing for the tightening and loosening of the hub. Once secured to the bicycle frame 108, 208, the hubs secure a front bar 410. The front bar is inserted into each of the hubs and apertures in both the hubs 420 and the front bar 410 are aligned. Once aligned, a bolt 425 is inserted through the holes to secure the front bar to the hubs. To secure the bolt in place, a nut, such as a wing nut 440, is threaded onto the bolt. A push pin 435 can be inserted through an aperture 415 in the bolt 425 to prevent the accidental backing-off of the wing nut 440. The front hubs may have an arc shaped edge 450 to allow for elevation deviation adjustment. The middle bar assembly can be seen in Figure 4. The middle bar is attached to the frames 108, 208 of the bicycles rearwardly of the seat. The middle bar 510 is secured to each frame 108, 208 by having a pair of apertures 512, 514 receiving a bolt 516, 518 which extends through an aperture in the frame.

The bolt is secured in place by the wing nut 520 and push pin 535 arrangement utilized with the front bar. The middle bar assembly provides rigidity to the connected bicycles to insure that they move as a single unit.

The rear support bar assembly is shown in the cross-sectional view of Figure 5. Similar to the arrangement of the front bar assembly, a pair of hubs 620 are secured to the frames 108, 208 of the two bicycles. In this instance, the hubs are attached to the frame by a bolt 622 that also secures the rear tire/wheel axles 114, 214 to the frames. Once the hubs are securely attached to the frames, a rear bar 610 is

placed within each. Similar to the front bar assembly, apertures in the hubs 635 and rear bar 610 are aligned and a bolt 630 passes through the apertures to secure the rear support bar to the hubs. The bolt is again secured in place by the wing nut and push pin assembly.

-7- When it is desired to separate the two bicycles, the bolts securing the front bar 410 and rear bar 610 to the hubs are disconnected by removing the wing nuts and push pins that retain them. The hubs themselves can remain in place as they do not impede the use of the single bicycle. This reduces the time and effort involved in coupling and decoupling two bicycles together.

This feature is particularly advantageous in the commercial bike rental business where bikes can be coupled and decoupled as demand dictates. The middle bar can be lifted from the two bicycles by removing the two push pins, wing nuts and bolts, attaching them to the frame. Lastly, the steering bar assembly can be decoupled by removing the two push pins at the end of the steering rods that are forward of the bicycle frame. The steering bar may then be lifted off the steering rods. The steering rods may be left in place as they do not impede the operation of the single bicycles. Once the bolts are removed from all hubs and the middle support bar and steering bar are removed, separating the two bicycles by about twelve inches will free the front support bar and rear support bar from the hubs.

In a quick and efficient manner, the bicycles can be decoupled.

While the invention has been described with reference to a preferred embodiment, modifications and variations would be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art. The invention encompasses such modifications and variations that do not depart from the scope of the invention.

ENGLISH-CLAIMS:

Return to Top of Patent

-8- I CIdYIM: 1. A pedal powered vehicle, comprising: a first bicycle, said first bicycle having a frame, a front tire attached to said frame and a back tire attached to said frame, handle bars attached to said front tire, said handle bars rotatably held by said frame, a second bicycle, said second bicycle having a frame, a front tire attached to said frame and a back tire attached to said frame, handle bars attached to said front tire, said handle bars rotatably held by said frame, a steering bar spaced forwardly of said first and second bicycle frames and connected to rotate with the handlebars, a front bar having a first end and a second end, said first end connected to said first bicycle frame and said second end connected to said second bicycle frame, a middle bar having a first end and a second end, said first end connected to said first bicycle frame and said second end connected to said second bicycle frame, and a rear bar having a first end and a second end, said first end connected to said first bicycle rear tire axle and said second end connected to said second bicycle rear tire axle.

2. The vehicle of claim 1, wherein said steering bar is connected to said first and second bicycle frames by a pair of steering rods, each steering rod having a first section extending forward and a second section extending upwardly, said steering bar pivotably connected to said second section of each steering rod.

3. The vehicle of claim 1, wherein said steering bar has two apertures, said steering bar connected to said steering rod by said second section of each steering rod extending upwardly into said apertures.

4. The vehicle of claim 3, wherein said second section of each steering rod extends above said steering bar, said steering bar secured to said steering rod by push pins retained in apertures in said steering rods.

5. The vehicle of claim 1, further comprising: a first hub attached to said first bicycle frame, a second hub attached to said second bicycle frame, said front bar connected to said first hub and said second hub.

6. The vehicle of claim 5, wherein said front bar is connected to said first hub and said second hub by a threaded fastener. 7. The vehicle of claim 6, wherein said threaded fastener is retained by a push pin.

8. The vehicle of claim 5, wherein said front bar fits inside of said first hub and said second hub.

9. The vehicle of claim 1, further comprising: a third hub connected to said first bicycle rear tire axle, a fourth hub connected to said second bicycle rear tire axle, said rear bar connected to said third hub and said fourth hub.

10. The vehicle of claim 9, wherein said rear bar is connected to said first hub and said second hub by a threaded fastener. 11. The vehicle of claim 10, wherein said threaded fastener is retained by a push pin.

-10 12. The vehicle of claim 9, wherein said rear bar fits inside of said third hub and said fourth hub.

13. The vehicle of claim 9, wherein said third hub is connected to said first bicycle rear tire axle by a first bolt, said first bolt connecting said first bicycle rear tire to said first bicycle frame, said fourth hub is connected to said second bicycle rear tire axle by a second bolt, said second bolt -

connecting said second bicycle rear tire axle to said second bicycle frame.

14. The vehicle of claim 5, further comprising: a third hub connected to said first bicycle rear tire axle, a fourth hub connected to said second bicycle rear tire axle, said rear bar connected to said third hub and said fourth hub.



